The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, MAY 2, 1743.

THE following Curious and Authentick Paper will, doubtleſs, afford full Satisfaction to every ingenious and impartial Peruſer. It opens to our View a true Proſpect of the preſent State of Affairs in Germany, ſhews us the Conſequences attending the March of the Auxiliaries, and how little they underſtood, or wou'd be thought to underſtand, the State of Things in Germany, who conceived that our Troops there would not act with Effect; whereas this Paper clearly ſhews they have overturned the Gallick Syſtem, and that the Germans breathe again the Spirit of their Country.

One cannot read, without Compaſſion, this extraordinary Specimen of Imperial Eloquence and Policy. It conſiſts, on one Side, of very pathetick Complaints, which plainly demonſtrate the Diſtreſs of Him who makes them, and, on the other, of ſuch forced, unnatural, and ſophiſtical Arguments, in Defence of that Conduct, by which all theſe Evils were induced, as make it moſt evident that He ſpeaks only the Language of his preſent Condition; or rather, which is dictated by the Power to which he applies for Succour. All this we can no longer doubt, if we reflect,

I. That his Imperial Majeſty, then Elector of Bavaria, broke the Peace of Germany, by attacking the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, whoſe Succeſſion was guarantied by the Empire. II. That he brought, under the Name of Auxiliaries, not one but ſeveral French Armies into the Empire, where their Behaviour has been as barbarous, as their Breach of Treaties notorious. III. That his Imperial Majeſty has, at this Moment, German Auxiliaries, viz. Heſſians and Palatines, in his Service, who are actually in the Circumſtances deſcribed in this Letter; the Heſſians having not only taken Winter-Quarters by Force in the Archbiſhoprick of Saltzbourgh, but have alſo diſarmed the Inhabitants. IV. That this French Army marches to diſengage another French Army; and therefore it may be well preſumed, would have marched tho' the Emperor had not deſired it. V. That this cannot, by the German States, be conſidered as the free Act of his Imperial Majeſty; and therefore, in their Judgments on the Points mentioned therein, they muſt be guided by the Sentiments of the Dyet.

The Emperor's Circulatory Letter to the Electors, Princes, and States of the Empire, in relation to the March of M. Noailles's Army into Germany.

CHARLES VII. by the Grace of GOD, elected Emperor of the Romans, &c. &c. &c.

'Moſt Reverend dear Couſin and Elector, It is well 'known to your Dilection, that ſince our coming to 'the Imperial Throne, we have had nothing more at 'Heart than the Good and Well-being of the Empire, 'and to hinder any Increaſe of its Troubles, either from 'Inteſtine Diſputes, or otherwiſe. The ſeveral Com'miſſorial Decrees addreſſed to the Dyet, prove, that we 'have puſhed our Zeal for the Re-eſtabliſhment of the 'general Tranquility at the Expence of our proper 'Rights, ſolely to prevent the Fire of War from ſpread'ing itſelf farther thro' our dear Country; and, in Con'ſequence thereof, and to the End as well to terminate 'the Differences riſen between us and the Court of Vi'enna, on the Subject of the Auſtrian Succeſſion, as in 'regard to fixing the Safety of the Empire, and con'ſerving the Publick Tranquility, we have actually made 'the moſt equitable Propoſitions; and, in conſequence 'of this, we have not heſitated to ſhew our Confidence 'in the Empire, by demanding her Mediation.

'But every Body knows the Effects theſe Applications 'have produced, and the Warmth with which all theſe 'Propoſitions of Peace have been conſtantly rejected. 'The more we appear'd inclin'd to an Accommodation, 'the more that Court ſeem'd averſe to it; ſo that from 'what the Court of Vienna and its Allies have hitherto 'diſcovered of their Intentions, it is very doubtful whe'ther they will accept the Mediation of the Empire, 'and its good Offices, or not.

'We thought fit to diſſemble our Senſe of this, while 'only our Hereditary Countries, already abſolutely ex'hauſted, were under the Rod of our Enemies; but 'when the Court of Vienna firmly reſolved to perſecute 'us in the moſt outragious Manner, and to oppreſs us 'without Reſource, did not reſt there, but formed a De'ſign of employing her Troops, together with Strangers 'and Germans, under the Name of Auxiliaries, to over'turn effectually the Liberty of the Empire, and to 'ſpread ſtill wider the Flame of War; which is mani'feſt, ſince, contrary to the Germanic Laws and Conſti'tutions, the Rights, Liberties, and Privileges of the 'States, as if already the Syſtem of the Empire was ruin'ed, and the Court of Vienna had there a deſpotick Au'thority, ſhe had caus'd her own Forces, and thoſe 'which ſhe calls her Auxiliaries, to take Winter Quar'ters by force, and moſt unjuſtly, in the Dominions of 'States no way engaged in the War, and this, in part, 'without any previous Requeſt made (as appears by the 'Complaints of the Biſhop of Liege, and the Grievances of 'our Imperial City of Aix) after which the ſame Forces 'entered into the Electorate of Cologne, and the Duchy 'of Juliers, belonging to the Elector Palatine, without 'paying for any Thing, and even attempted to force 'that Prince, in a manner unheard of, and with mani'feſt Violence, to Things abſolutely contrary to the Li'berty of the States of the Empire, which we are firm'ly reſolved to maintain and defend with all our Forces.

'A Proceeding ſo oppoſite to the Laws and Conſti'tutions, leaves not any room to doubt, that the Deſign 'of the Court of Vienna is to make Germany the The'atre of War, and to ruin and exhauſt the States who 'have no Share in theſe Diſputes, as they have already 'done ours; and, on the other Side, the Empire being 'at preſent in no Condition to defend itſelf, or the pub'lick Peace, notwithſtanding our earneſt and paternal 'Solicitations for that Purpoſe, and our proper Forces, 'which we would moſt willingly employ in that Ser'vice for the Safety of our dear Country, having, alas, 'but too much Occupation in our Patrimonial Domi'nions, we could find out no Expedient more ready, or 'more efficacious, for diſſipating the imminent Danger 'which menaces the entire Ruin of the Liberties of the 'Empire, than to demand of the Crown of France, 'which is a Neighbour of the Empire, proviſionally, an 'Army ſufficient to reſtrain the Efforts of that which 'has undertaken to give Law as well to all the States of 'Germany, as to their Chief, and already acts as in an 'Enemy's Country; and this no longer than till the Em'pire ſhall be in a Condition to defend itſelf, and main'tain, by its own Power, the publick Tranquility.

'The Court of France has yielded to our Deſires, and 'has, by this time, an Army under the Command of 'M. de Noailles, ready to maintain the Conſtitution of 'the Empire, and to oppoſe the Troops march'd from 'the Netherlands, with an evident Reſolution to attack, 'without Ceremony, and overturn the Liberties of our 'Country. This Army will be no Charge to any Body, 'but will pay punctually for whatever they have, as all 'our Auxiliaries have hitherto done, and will obſerve the 'ſtricteſt Diſcipline poſſible. But as this Army may be con'ſtrained to enter into the Territories of your Dilection, 'on account of its being obliged to regulate its Motions 'by that of the other, which it may perhaps be forc'd 'to follow, but in ſuch a manner, that if the ſaid Army 'either returns immediately into the Low Countries, or 'the Troops of which it is compoſed retire to their re'ſpective Countries. this, which has nothing farther in 'View than ſuccouring the Empire, will either not paſs 'the Rhine, or repaſs it immediately. This is the Rea'ſon why we are not able to direct at preſent the Order 'of M. de Noalles's March, who has Orders, neverthe'leſs, to ſend Commiſſaries every where before him, to 'regulate his Route, and to pay for Proviſions to the Sa'tisfaction of ſuch as ſhall furniſh them.

'Theſe Cauſes conſider'd, we require your Dilection, 'that you will not only have the Goodneſs to grant a free 'Paſſage to this Army, in caſe it ſhould be neceſſary, 'thro' your Dominions, but alſo cauſe them to be fur'niſh'd with Proviſions, Horſes, Waggons, and other Ne'ceſſaries.'

Done at Franckfort, March 17, 1743.

Since our laſt arrived a Mail from France, *and another from* Flanders.

Ratisbon, April 29.

THE Relief of Egra comes out to be a Thing of very little Importance. It was formerly conſidered as a very ſtrong Place, but the French when they took it, ſhewed this to proceed from the Ignorance of our Engineers; ſo that it is now certain, the Place muſt be ſoon taken by a regular Siege. Prince Lobkowitz is reſolved to undertake this ſpeedily, and in the mean time extends his Quarters in the Upper Palatinate, where M. Broglio has thought proper to leave his Highneſs, tho' he promiſed, on his going to Amberg, to drive him back into Bohemia, which he now owns was impoſſible to be done.

Heilbron, April 24. M. Gravel, the French Miniſter at Studgard, having requir'd the Circle of Swabia to withdraw their Gariſon out of Heilbron, in order to the French Army's taking Poſſeſſion of that Poſt, in purſuance of the requiſitorial Letters of the Emperor, the ſame was refuſed; and it was anſwered, that the Circle thought it neceſſary to keep that Place for their own Safety, and for maintaining the Neutrality. M. Gravel then replied, that the Prince de Dombes having a Mind to take up his Quarters there, he hoped no Difficulty would be made of granting that Requeſt to a Perſon of his Quality. But the Anſwer he received thereto was, that it could not be allowed, ſince the Prince, as a great Lord, would have his Guard with him, which could not be admitted into the Town; tho' in caſe he would come alone, and be ſatisfied with a Guard of the Troops of Swabia, there would be no Objection to it. The ſame Propoſal was made to a Commiſſary of the Town of Heilbron, who had been ſent to Spier upon Account of the French Troops that are marching to the Neckar; but he anſwered, that he had no Commiſſion to explain himſelf thereupon, and that the Magiſtrate of the Town would leave the Care of it to the Circle of Swabia and to the Gariſon. In the mean Time, Orders have been given for reinforcing the Gariſon of the Town with two Companies, who are already got into the Place, under the Orders of Lieutenant-Colonel Sternfeld. The Regiment of Dragoons of the Circle of Swabia is to take Poſt in four of the neareſt Towns, and ſome Villages in the Country of Wirtemberg. Some Undertakers deſigned to have erected here a Magazine of Hay and Oats, but Waggons were not ſuffered to come into the Town. They are viewing the Magazines of the Circle here, that they may be filled up in Time.

Extract from the Paris Alamain.

Paris, May 8. 'The King has given the Command 'of the Regiment of Marſan, vacant by the Death of 'the eldeſt Son of the Prince de Pons, to his ſecond Son, 'who is now called Count de Marſan.

'The Chevalier Broglio, who aſſiſted at the Relief of 'Egra, informs us, that the Militia there were incorpo'rated into the new Gariſon; thoſe Battalions have loſt '200 Men each ſince they were in that Country. They 'ſtill want Wood in that Place, but the Governor, in caſe 'of a ſecond Blockade, intends to beat down the Houſes 'to ſupply his Gariſon.'

Such is the mild Behaviour of French Auxiliaries

'M. de Noailles held a grand Council of War at 'dau on the 24th. He has ſince received the King' 'ders to attack the Enemy's Army the firſt Opport 'that offer'd, and to purſue them.

'From Bavaria we learn, that the Troops are 'ſickly, and that there is a prodigious Deſertion a 'the Germans.

'Marſhal Khevenhuller is fortifying a Camp 'Wils, by which it appears he intends to act on th 'ſenſive.

Actions 2140.

To the ELECTORS *of the Borough of* Southw

GENTLEMEN,

THE Paper diſperſed late on Saturday Night, inſtead of animating you to purſue the Meaſures the Authors of the Paper endeavour to inſpire you to do, muſt meet with your Contempt, and excite your Indignation, when you conſider that the preſent Majority obtained on the Poll, ſeems to be in Violation of the Right of Election, which is in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot, confirmed to you by Reſolutions of the Houſe of Commons. To break in on this Right, is breaking in on *Your Liberties and Privileges* as Electors of the Borough, performed by an undue Influence at this preſent Election, and by Perſons who daringly Sport themſelves with it, at the Expence of the Gentleman who unhappily has fell into their Hands. None but Perſons of ſuch Character would inſult the Electors, bully the Returning Officer, and imperiouſly dictate and direct to the Polling of Perſons who have no Right; which can only ſerve to gain the Cry of the Mob, deceive the unwary with an imaginary Election, and abuſe the too credulous Candidate. That theſe are only the Conſequences of the *Struggle* you are ſuppoſed to have made, and which you are directed to purſue, will appear, if Gentlemen will give themſelves a little Time to conſider and examine the Number of Pollers for the Pariſhes of St. George's and St. Saviour's, and they will find that the Perſons who have already polled, exceed, by a very great Number, thoſe in the Poor's Rate; and this Number by Lodgers, Priſoners who are no otherwiſe Reſients, and Empty Houſes, &c. Such infamous and barefaced Proceedings, only to maintain a Majority, right or wrong, to pervert Juſtice,

and

have made a great Majority of Votes on the other Side, is beyond all Example. Ask yourselves, therefore, Gentlemen, as Electors, Whether this is not breaking in on *your Liberty and Privileges?* and opening a Door at your Elections for a Number of miserable Persons to be made use of at any time, in Defiance of your known Rights, confirmed to you by Resolutions of Parliament, aforesaid?

Your's,

An ELECTOR.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, April 29. Wind N. E. Came down and sailed the Dolphin, Donaldson, for Maryland. Remains in the Downs the Tryton, Weldon, from New-England for Hamburgh.

Deal, April 30. Wind N.E. Remains the Tryton, Weldon, for Hamburgh.

Gravesend, April 29. Pass'd by the Providentia, Dahl, and the Friendship, Cooper, both from Norway; the St. Peter, Whaso, from Hamburgh; the Buck, Cragg, from Stockholm; the Lady Elizabeth Bredimus, and the British Ark, Hall, both from Amsterdam.

LONDON.

The following is an exact List of the Queen of Hungary's Forces.

57 Regiments of Infantry		134700 Men
18 of Cuirassiers	- -	19692
14 of Dragoons	- -	15316
11 of Hussars	- -	11000
100 Regiments		180708 Men.

Private Letters from Messina advise, That the Magistrates of Health had condemn'd a Levant Bark and her Cargo to be burnt, upon Suspicion of having the Plague on board; several of her Crew dying in her Passage, and the Remainder within two or three Days after being confined in the Lazaretto.

His Majesty has been pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Capt. Charles Molloy, Commander of the Carolina Yacht.

On Friday last died at his House in Rotherhith, aged 72, Capt. William Fowler, many Years Commander of a Ship in the West-India Trade.

The same Evening died at his House in St. Catherine's, Mr. Charles Renow, an eminent Biscuit-Baker and Corn-Chandler.

Last Saturday Mr. Nicholson, Mr. Baldwin, and Mr. Smith, Batchelors of Arts, were admitted Fellows of St. Peter's College in Cambridge.

The same Day a Dispensation pass'd the Great Seal to enable Charles Mose, M. A. to hold the Rectory of Boscombe, together with the Rectory of Compton Bassett, both in the County of Wilts.

Also a Presentation pass'd the Great Seal to enable Edmund Pyle, D. D. to hold the Rectory of Godney in the County of Lincoln.

Last Saturday died at Lambeth John Legard, Esq; a Gentleman of a good Estate.

Yesterday the Duke of Richmond set out for Flanders.

Last Saturday fresh Provisions were sent to his Majesty, who is still detained by contrary Winds.

The same Day the Earl of Holderness, set out for Flanders.

The Coroner's Inquest have brought in their Verdict Lunacy on the Drawer at the Horn Tavern in Fleetstreet, who hung himself.

From the London Gazette.

Whitehall, April 30. On Wednesday last, about Four o'Clock in the Morning, the King set out from St. James's for Gravesend, where his Majesty embarked for Holland, and sail'd from thence between Nine and Ten that Morning, but the Wind coming contrary, was obliged to cast Anchor at Five the same Evening at the Nore, and on Thursday Morning put into Sheerness, where his Majesty still continued Yesterday in the Evening.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. Charles Lord Cadogan, Major General of his Majesty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Second Troop of Horse Guards, and to appoint the Right Honourable John Earl of Stair, Field Marshal of his Majesty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Regiment of Dragoons, in the room of the Right Hon. Charles Lord Cadogan.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Leonard Lochman, Esq; the Office or Place of Clerk of the Naval or Navy Office of his Majesty's Colony of Rhode Island, and Providence Plantation in America, and the Territories thereunto belonging.

The King has been pleased to translate the Rt. Reverend Father in God, Carew Reynell, Bishop of Down and Connor, to the Bishoprick of Derry in the Kingdom of Ireland, void by the Death of Doctor Thomas Rundle, late Bishop thereof.

The King has been pleased to translate the Right Reverend Father in God, Doctor John Ryder, Bishop of Killaloe, to the united Bishopricks of Down and Connor in the Kingdom of Ireland, void by the Translation of the Rt. Reverend Father in God, Doctor Carew Reynell to the Bishoprick of Derry.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Reverend William Langton, Clerk, the Place and Dignity of Dean of the Cathedral Church of St. Macartin Clogher in the Kingdom of Ireland, vacant by the Death of the Reverend John Copping, Clerk, late Dean thereof.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Reverend John Welsh, Clerk, the Place and Dignity of Dean of the Cathedral Church of St. Saviour's Connor, with the Rectories and Vicarages thereunto belonging, together with the entire Rectory of the Island of Magee, in the Kingdom of Ireland, vacant by the Death of Dr. Owen Lloyd, late Dean thereof.

His Majesty has been pleased to constitute and appoint Arthur Blennerhasset, Esq; to be one of the Justices of the Court of King's Bench in the Kingdom of Ireland, in the Room and Place of Henry Rose, Esq; deceas'd.

BANKRUPT.

James Sumpter, of Taunton, in the County of Somerset, Woollstapler and Merchant.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning		Evening	
	04	55	05	16

Bank Stock, 146 1-half. India, 186 1-half. South Sea, 112. Old Annuity, 113 1-4th. New ditto, 114 to 1-8th. Three per Cent. Annuities, 101 3-4ths. Ditto 1743, 101 1-4th. Seven per Cent. Loan, 114. Five per Cent. ditto, 76 1-4th. Royal Assurance, 82. London Assurance, 11 1-half. India Bonds, 4 l. 11 s. to 12 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 5 l. Prem. Salt Tallies, 102. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto, 97 1-half. Million Bank, 117. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 2 s.

Borough of [illegible]

SIR,

YOUR *Vote, Interest, and Interest* [illegible] *earnestly and unanimously desired for*

ALEXANDER [illegible]

To represent you in Parliament [illegible] *your late Worthy Member,* Thomas Inwen, *Esq; deceased; being a Native of the Borough; a Gentleman every Way qualified to discharge so great a Trust; of known Affection to his Majesty King* GEORGE, *heartily disposed to preserve the Religious and Civil Rights of his Country, and greatly concerned in Trade and Navigation, on which the Welfare of this Borough so much depends.*

At the Close of the Poll on Saturday Night the Numbers were, for Mr. Hume 748, Mr. Hammond 784.

N. B. The Majority for Mr. Hammond, as the Poll now stands, has been obtained by a very great Number of Persons Polling for the Parish of St. George, as well as other Parishes, who have no Right to Vote, not paying Scot and Lot; and, it is very certain, it will appear, Mr. Hume has a considerable Majority of Legal Voters.

MVSEVM BRITAN NICVM

This Day is publish'd,

[Price SIX-PENCE]

PRIEST-CRAFT and LUST: Or, LANCELOT to his LADIES. An Epistle from the Shades.

Heathens and Christians differ but in Name,
For PRIESTS *of all Religions are the same.* Dryden.

Printed for W. WEBB, near St. Paul's.

This Day is published,

(Price Sixpence.)

The SECOND EDITION of

EUGENIO: Or, The Disconsolate Shepherd. A Dirge on the Death of DORINDA.

Attempting to rescue the Character of a certain great Personage, from the uncharitable Pen of a certain great Lady of Quality, rendered infamous in a late Pamphlet intituled GEORGE and DOROTHY.

To this Edition is added,

ALEXIS; or, The Distrest Shepherd. A Complaint for the Loss of BELINDA. In Imitation of that Celebrated Poem in N°. 603 Spectator (vol. viii. P. 182.) beginning, *My Time, O ye Muses,* &c.

By the Author of DORINDA; *or,* The Grove in Tears.

Printed for M. Cooper, in Pater-noster Row. And Sold at the Pamphlet-shops in St. James's-street, Pall-Mall, and Charing-Cross, &c.

Where may be had,

The Third Edition of DORINDA; or, The Grove in Tears. With the Addition of a Poem in Miltonick Verse to her Immortal Memory.

☞ Alexis; or, The Distrest Shepherd, may be had separate at the above Place. (Price Three-Pence)

To be SOLD,

AT Mr. Stagg's in Westminster-Hall, THE ROLLS OF PARLIAMENT, from the 1st of Edward II. to the 6th of Henry VIII. And the Journals of the House of Lords, from the 18th of Henry VIII. to the Death of the late King; with the Kalendars to the Lords Journals. The Whole in 149 Manuscript Volumes.

This Day is Published,

THE PROCEEDINGS on the KING's COMMISSIONS of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, for the City of *London* and County of *Middlesex*, on the 13th, 14th, and 15th of April, before the Right Hon. ROBERT WILLIMOTT, Esq; Lord Mayor of the City of London; the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice Lee, Mr. Baron REYNOLDS, the Recorder, &c.

Containing the TRIALS at large of the following Persons, who there receiv'd Sentence of Death; viz.

Sarah Wilmshurst, for the Murder of her Daughter.

John Eyres and *James Crop*, for several Robberies on the Highway.

George Watson, for Burglary. And,

Elizabeth Cannon, and *Ann Ellard*, Two Servants, for robbing Mrs. Bates, an antient Woman, of 16 l. 2 s. 6 d. and her Wearing Apparel, &c.

Also the Remarkable Trials of

John Read, for several Burglaries.

Elizabeth Stuart, for the Murder of her Bastard Child.

Abraham Benjamin, for stealing a Sum of Money out of the Shop of Mr. Sheere, Banker, in Lombard-street.

With many other Curious Trials.

Printed for M. Cooper, in Pater-Noster Row.

This Day will be continued the Sale of the Books enumerated in the First and Second Volumes of

BIBLIOTHECA HARLEIANA, &c.

(The Lowest Price fixed in each Book)

WHICH will be continued every Day at the Library at St. *Mary Le Bon*, from Nine in the Morning to Seven in the Evening, till the Publick shall be advertised of its Conclusion.

CATALOGUES may be had at T. OSBORN's in *Gray's-Inn*, and at the late Earl of *Oxford's* Library at St. *Mary Le Bon*.

N. B. *Many Gentlemen having expressed their Unwillingness to pay for the Catalogue, and appear to expect that it shall be delivered in the usual Manner; it is thought necessary to advertise those who have already favoured this Design by their Subscriptions, and who ought not to suffer by their Generosity, That all those who have purchased or shall purchase this Catalogue, shall be at Liberty to exchange it at the Sale for any other Book of the same Price.*

This Day is Publish'd,

A Synopsis, or, Short Analytical View of CHEMISTRY. Translated from the High Dutch of Dr. GODFREY ROTHEN.

By ALEXANDER MACBEAN, A.M.

Printed for T. Longman, at the Ship in Pater-noster Row.

Where may be had,

1. Dr. SHAW's Translation of Boerhaave's Chemistry. Two Vols. 4to.
2. ——— Abridgment of Mr. Boyle's Philosophical Works. 3 Vols. 4to.
3. ——— Abridgment of Lord Bacon's Works. Three Vols. 4to.
4. ——— Translation of Dr. Hoffman on Mineral Waters.
5. ——— Translation of Dr. Stahl's Philosophical Principles of Universal Chemistry.
6. ——— Three Essays in Artificial Philosophy or Universal Chemistry.

This Day is Publish'd,

(Price Stitch'd Three Shillings.)

THE Reasonableness of the Christian Religion, as delivered in the Scriptures. Being an Answer to a late Treatise, intituled, *Christianity not founded on Argument.*

In THREE PARTS.

Part I. Contains the Arguments for the Truth of the Christian Religion.

Part II. The Answers to the Difficulties and Objections proposed by this Author.

Part III. An Interpretation of the Texts which he hath perverted.

By GEORGE BENSON.

Printed for J. Noon, at the White Hart in Cheapside; R. King, at the Bible and Crown in Fore-street; M. Fenner, at the Turk's-Head in Gracechurch-street; and M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster Row.

Just publish'd, The Second Edition,

Beautifully printed in One Volume in Twelves, Illustrated with 133 *Curious* CUTTS, *taken originally from the Life: Placed at the* HEAD *of each Chapter,*

* * The ART of ANGLING, ROCK and SEA-FISHING, with the Natural History of RIVER, POND and SEA-FISH: Containing an accurate Description of their Size, Shape, Colour, Properties, Feeding, Seasons, Times of Spawning and Haunts; as also an Account of all the Fisheries of Europe, and the usual Methods of Curing the several Sorts of Fish for Transportatio into foreign Parts. To which are added a Discourse on Fish-Ponds, a Description of the Rise and Progress of the noted Rivers in all the Counties of *England*, with the remarkable Towns they pass by, and the Kinds of Fish they contain; also an Account of the Navigation of the River Thames, and the Locks that are built thereon, with a Table of Prices the Barges pay, and several necessary Directions to Anglers and Fishermen: With a Compleat Index.

Printed by and for J. Watts, at the Printing-Office in Wild-Court near Lincoln's Inn Fields; and Sold by B. Dod at the Bible and Key in Ave-Mary-Lane, near Stationers Hall.

LONDON: Printed for M. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-Noster-Row*,